



Patient & Order Information

Order ID **3048079**
Patient **Patient, Test**
DOB **05/05/1955**
SSN **XXX-XX-0000** Sex **F**
Institution ID **A01294262** Prometheus ID **1193090**
Ordered **12/10/2014** Completed **03/11/2016**
Ordered By **Ordering Physician M.D.**

Report Recipient

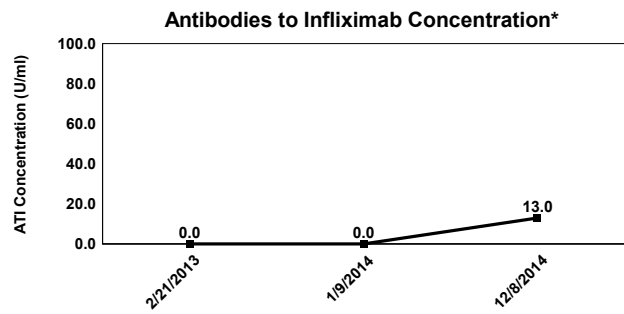
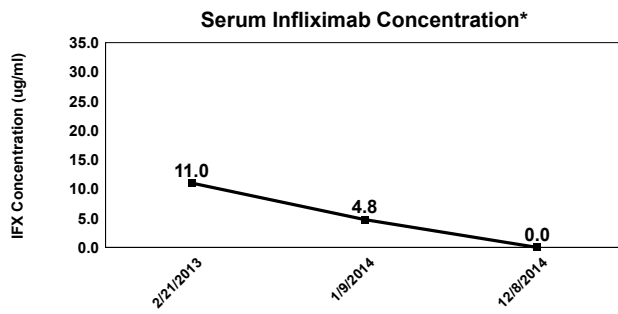
Example Medcenter
AAA Medical Laboratory
5678 South Main Street
Attn: Laboratory Box 17, Core Lab, Level D
San Diego, CA 92121
555/555-3456 Phone 555/555-6789 Fax

Sample ID: SQ12100423 Collection Date: 12/08/2014 (Serum) Institution Sample ID: PLI_00423

Results:

**Undetectable Serum Infiximab
Detectable Antibodies to Infiximab**

Assay	Result	Lower Limit of Quantification
Serum Infiximab (IFX) concentration	< 1.0 ug/ml	< 1.0 ug/ml
Antibodies to Infiximab (ATI) concentration	13.0 U/ml	< 3.1 U/ml



Collection Date	IFX	ATI	Current Drug	Last Infusion	Current Dose	Current Interval
02/21/2013	11.0 ug/ml	< 3.1 U/ml	Not Provided	Not Provided	Not Provided	Not Provided
01/09/2014	4.8 ug/ml	< 3.1 U/ml	Not Provided	Not Provided	Not Provided	Not Provided
12/08/2014	< 1.0 ug/ml	13.0 U/ml	Biosimilar	12/10/2014	5 mg/kg	Every 4 weeks

*Note - Values reported as exceeding the upper limit of quantification for the assay are plotted on the chart with the limit of quantification value

- The presence of detectable antibodies to infliximab (ATI) is associated with a 34% shorter half-life and 2.7 fold increased clearance.¹
- The presence of detectable ATI is independently associated with a shorter duration of response.²
- A serum infliximab concentration ≥ 3 ug/ml at trough is associated with a mean CRP level that is 52% less than in samples having an infliximab concentration < 3 ug/ml.³
- Measuring both serum infliximab level and ATI concentration can provide clinically useful information to aid in the management of patients on infliximab therapy.⁴
- Anser IFX has been validated for use in patients treated with infliximab biosimilars.⁵

The test results are determined by using a size exclusion chromatography based on mobility shift assay on a High-Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) system.

References:

1. Ternant D., et al., Infliximab Pharmacokinetics in Inflammatory Bowel Disease Patients. Ther Drug Monit 2008;30:523-529.
2. Baert F., et al., Influence of Immunogenicity on the Long-Term Efficacy of Infliximab in Crohn's Disease. N Engl J Med 2003;348:601-608.
3. Feagan B., et al., Novel Infliximab (IFX) and Antibody-to-Infliximab (ATI) Assays are Predictive of Disease Activity in Patients with Crohn's Disease. Gastroenterology 2012; 142(5), Supplement 1, Abstract 565.
4. Afif W., et al., Clinical Utility of Measuring Infliximab and Human anti-Chimeric Antibodies Concentrations in Patients with Inflammatory Bowel Disease. Am J Gastroenterol 2010;105:1133-1139.
5. Data on file. Prometheus Laboratories Inc. DOF16-002, 02/2016.

Prometheus diagnostic services provide important information to aid in the diagnosis and management of certain diseases. Test results should be used with other clinical and diagnostic findings to make a diagnosis and/or prognosis. This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Prometheus Laboratories Inc. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration. The laboratory is regulated under CLIA as qualified to perform high-complexity testing. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. This test may be covered by one or more US pending or issued patents - see prometheuslabs.com for details.